

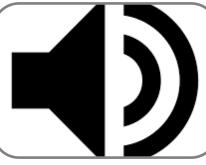
Webinar: Legislative Provisions Supporting Families Experiencing Financial Hardship in the Era of COVID-19 Friday, June 26, 2020, 2:00 – 3:00 PM ET

Boston University School of Social Work Center for Innovation in Social Work & Health This project is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number #UJ6MC31113: *Health Care Delivery System Innovations for Children with Medical Complexity* (\$2,700,000 annually). This information or content and conclusions are those of the authors and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsement be inferred, by HRSA, HHS or the U.S. government. Anna Maria Padlan, HRSA/MCHB Project Officer



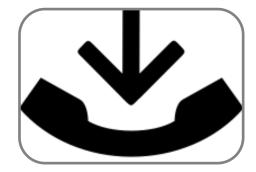
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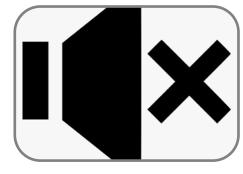


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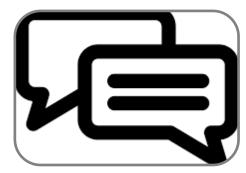
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Participation is essential

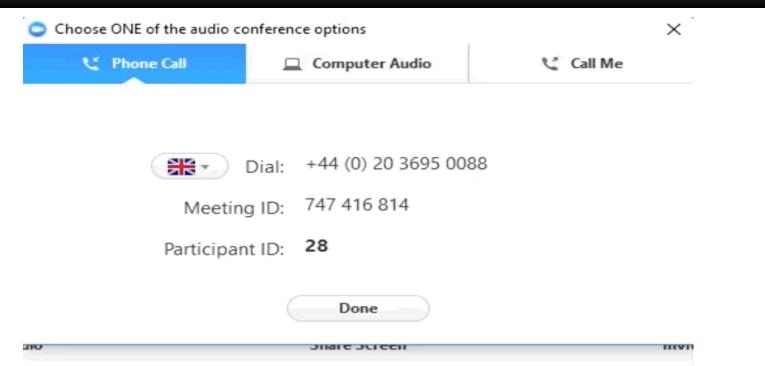


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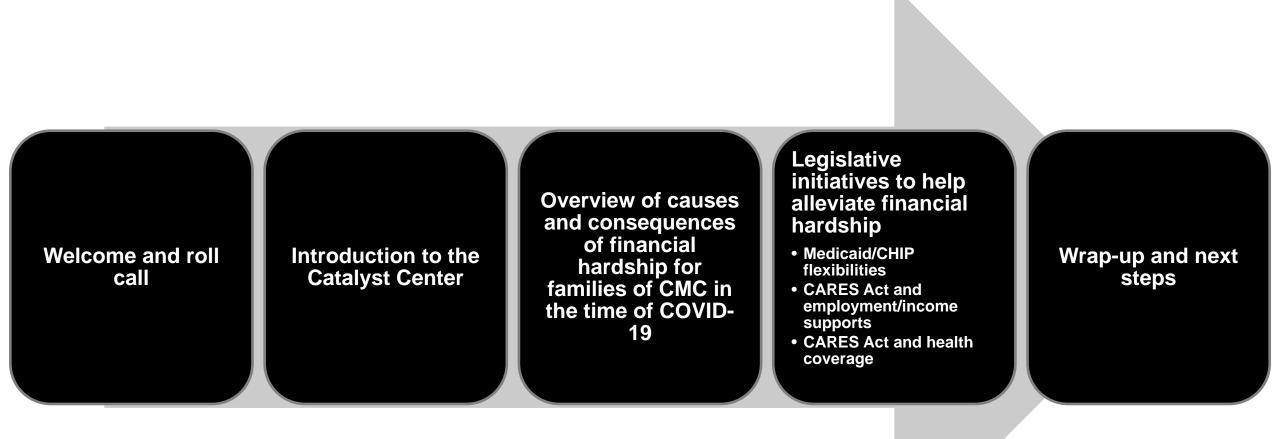


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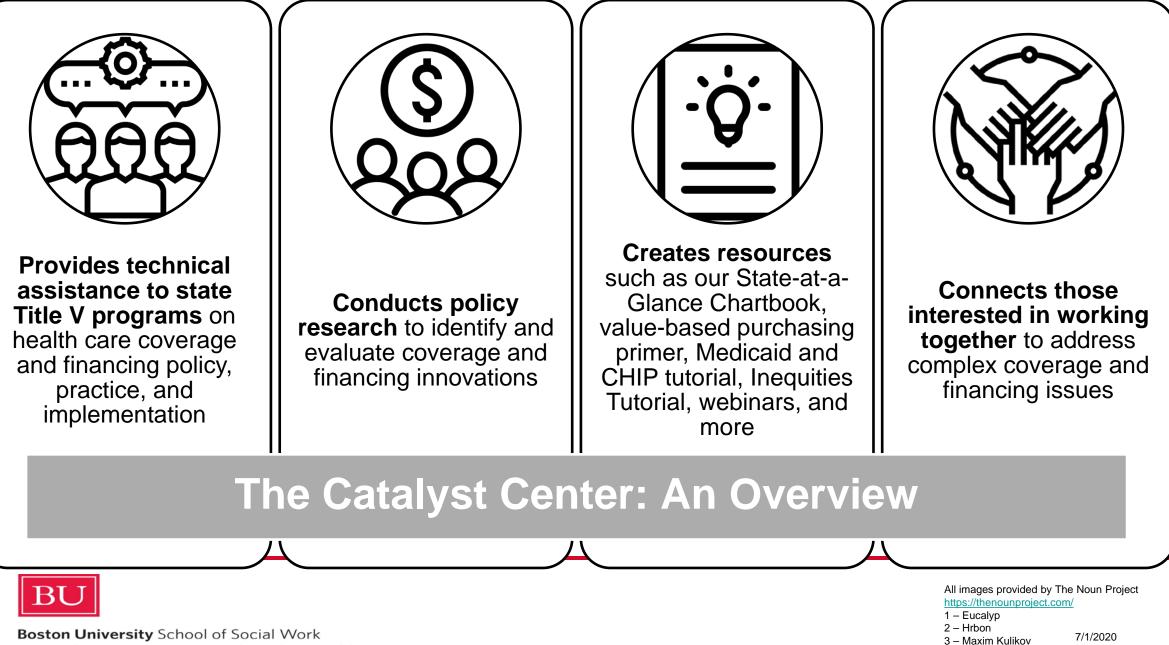
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Agenda







Center for Innovation in Social Work & Health

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COVID-19: health threat coupled with economic peril



Credit: Anton Petrus Getty Images

- Over 100,000 lives lost to date₁.
- 40.8 million unemployment claims since mid-March – over 25% of labor force²
- 27 million people have lost employersponsored health insurance to date₃.
- Volatile stock market₄.
- State and federal budget impacts: short- and long-term



- 1. https://www.cdc.gov/media/releases/2020/s0528-coronavirus-death-toll.html
- 2. <u>https://www.npr.org/sections/coronavirus-live-updates/2020/05/28/863120102/40-8-million-out-of-work-in-the-past-10-weeks</u>
- 3. https://www.kff.org/coronavirus-covid-19/issue-brief/eligibility-for-aca-health-coverage-following-job-loss/
- 4. https://www.nber.org/papers/w26945

Voices from the field: Family Leaders and Families

Identified needs

- Financial hardship (loss of income)
- Coverage loss (job loss)
- Changes in access to care and services (telehealth, home nursing care, etc.)
- Strengthening existing partnerships and developing new ones

Strategies to address needs

- Technical assistance around new federal options
 - Medicaid/CHIP flexibilities
 - CARES Act employment and income provisions
- Care coordination
 - Financial information and resource referral
 - Coverage and benefits counseling



New! Catalyst Center COVID-19 Response Fact Sheets

Goal: to provide Title V programs and its allies with a summary of guidance in clear language, in order to:

- Build understanding of key financing and coverage provisions during the COVID-19 emergency;
- Support care coordination and partnership building activities;
- Inform benefits and coverage counseling; and,
- Aid in reducing the risk of family financial hardship



What options for ensuring access and coverage do state Medicaid/CHIP programs have in a public health emergency?

Medicaid Section 1135 waivers 1915(c) home- and community-based waiver programs – Appendix K

Separate CHIP flexibilities

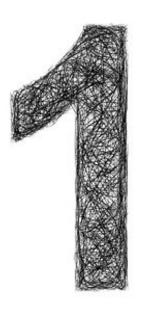


Medicaid Section 1135 waivers

Under a federally declared disaster or state of emergency, <u>Section 1135</u> of the Social Security Act includes a number of flexibilities that can temporarily modify or waive certain Medicaid and CHIP requirements



Select modifications and waivers permitted under Section 1135



Provider enrollment and program participation rules

 Example: removing limitations on physicians and other clinicians practicing in states they are not licensed in.
 Equivalent licensing in another state is still required



Select modifications and waivers permitted under Section 1135



Appeals and fair hearings

 Examples: speeding up the process for managed care enrollees to proceed to a state fair hearing and extending the time period for requesting a state fair hearing on managed care and fee-for-service appeals



Select modifications and waivers permitted under Section 1135



Reporting and oversight requirements

• Example: suspension of requirements that a registered nurse supervise aides employed by home health or hospice agencies



Medicaid.gov Federal Policy Guidance Resources for States **Basic Health Program**

About Us Home > Resources for States > Disaster Response Toolkit > Federal Disaster Resources

State Overviews 📿



This page provides federal resources that are helpful during emergencies and disasters. We also created Medicaid & CHIP disaster preparedness toolkits to provide states and territories with additional disaster-related information

Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Mississippi Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Second Request)

June 1, 2020

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) granted an initial approval to the State of Mississippi for multiple section 1135 flexibilities on March 23, 2020. Your follow-up communication to CMS on April 1, 2020 detailed an additional federal requirement that also pose issues or challenges for the health care delivery system in Mississippi and requested a waiver or modification of those additional requirements.

Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Arizona Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Eighth Request)

June 1, 2020

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) granted an initial approval to the State of Arizona for multiple section 1135 flexibilities on March 23, 2020. Your follow-up communication to CMS on April 17, 2020 detailed a number of additional federal requirements that also pose issues or challenges for the health care delivery system in Arizona and requested a waiver or modification of those additional requirements.

Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Alaska Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Second Request)

May 29, 2020

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) granted an initial approval to the State of Alaska for multiple section 1135 flexibilities on April 2, 2020. Your follow-up communication to CMS on May 26, 2020, detailed an additional federal requirement that also pose issues or challenges for the health care delivery system in Alaska and requested a waiver or modification of the additional requirement.

Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Ohio Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Initial & Third Communication)

May 28, 2020

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) granted an initial approval to the State of Ohio for multiple section 1135 flexibilities on April 22, 2020. Your initial April 14, 2020 communication and your May 18, 2020 communication included requests for additional flexibilities we can now approve

Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Vermont Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Second & Third Request

May 28, 2020

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) granted an initial approval to the State of Vermont for multiple section 1135 flexibilities March 30, 2020. Your follow-up communications to CMS on April 9 and April 15, 2020 detailed a number of additional federal requirements that also pose issues or challenges for the health care delivery system in Vermont and requested a waiver or modification of those additional requirements

To learn about your state's Section 1135 waiver, go to https://www.medicaid.gov/resou rces-for-states/disasterresponse-toolkit/federaldisaster-resources/index.html or contact the Catalyst Center

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Section 1135 Waiver Flexibilities - Maine Coronavirus Disease 2019 (Third Request)

Section 1915(c) Home- and Community-based Service Waiver Appendix K

- <u>Section 1915(c)</u> of the Social Security Act allows states and territories to request a waiver of certain requirements under Medicaid in order to provide home- and community-based services (HCBS) to targeted beneficiaries with disabilities
- <u>Appendix K</u> is a temporary standalone addition to an existing 1915(c) waiver that states can request in the event of a disaster or other emergency in order to respond to the unique needs of HCBS waiver enrollees. A separate Appendix K must be filed for each <u>existing waiver</u> a state wants to modify





 Examples: temporarily increasing cost limits for entry into the waiver or modifying additional targeting criteria; allowing waiver enrollees to maintain eligibility without receiving services



Covered service changes

 Examples: modifying service scope or coverage, increasing existing service limits or requirements for amount, duration and prior authorization, adding services which are directly related to responding to the emergency situation, adding home delivered meals, medical supplies, equipment, assistive technology



Service planning and delivery

 Examples: temporarily begin or expand services available under <u>self-direction</u> authority; adjusting assessment requirements





 Example: temporarily expanding the settings in which home and community-based services can be provided, provision of services in out-of-state settings



Example: permitting payment for services provided by family caregivers or other legally responsible individuals, temporary modification of provider qualifications, increase in payment rates



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Providers

Medicaid.gov

Home & Community-Based Services in Public Health

Emergencies 1915(c) Appendix K



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Emergency Preparedness and Response for Home and Community Based (HCBS) 1915(c) Waivers

Appendix K is a standalone appendix that may be utilized by states during emergency situations to request amendment to approved 1915(c) waivers. It includes actions that states can take under the existing Section 1915(c) home and community-based waiver authority in order to respond to an emergency. Other activities may require the use of various other authorities such as the Section 1115 demonstrations or the Section 1135 authorities. This appendix may be completed retroactively as needed by the state.

Appendix K Templates and Instructions

- <u>COVID-19 Specific Sample Appendix K Template</u> (DOCX, 58.89 KB)
- <u>COVID-19 Appendix K Instructions</u> (PDF, 77.05 KB)
- <u>Appendix K Template</u> (DOCX, 59.91 KB)
- <u>Appendix K Instructions</u> (PDF, 481.69 KB)

Approved COVID-19 Appendix K Documents

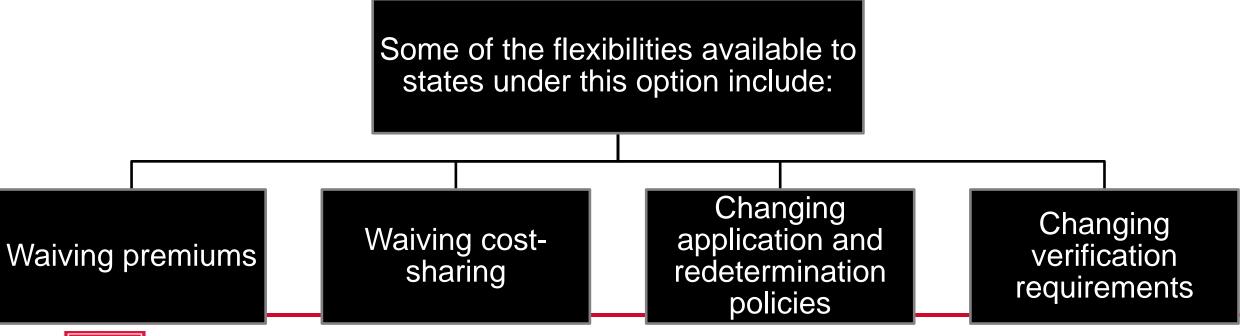
Note: Information on the underlying waivers can be found on the State Waiver List.

WI.0367 Appendix K (PDF, 123.8 KB) WI.0484 Appendix K (PDF, 123.8 KB)

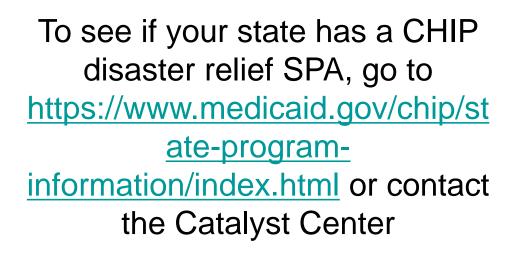
State	Approval Letter(s)	Approved Appendix K
Alaska	Approval Letter (PDF, 108.77 KB)	Appendix K - AK Combined (PDF, 277.94 KB)
Arizona	Approval Letter (PDF, 446.73 KB)	AHCCCS 1115 Demonstration (1-W-00275/9) Appendix K (PDF, 444.29 KB)
Arkansas	<u>Approval Letter</u> (PDF, 107.94 KB)	AR.0188 Appendix K (PDF, 100.7 KB) Appendix K - AR 0195, 0400 Combined
California	Approval Letter (PDF, 108.14 KB) Approval Letter 2 (PDF, 109.9 KB)	CA.0139 Appendix K (PDF, 174.59 KB) CA.0141 Appendix K (PDF, 161.82 KB) CA.0183 Appendix K (PDF, 163.69 KB) CA.0336 Appendix K (PDF, 127.16 KB) CA.0431 Appendix K (PDF, 134.94 KB) Appendix K - CA Combined (PDF, 100.33 KB) Appendix K - CA Combined 2 (PDF, 101.95 KB)
Colorado	Approval Letter (PDF, 134.69 KB) Approval Letter 2 (PDF, 108.87 KB) Approval Letter 3 (PDF, 109.59	Appendix K - CO Combined 1 (PDF, 454.8 KB) Appendix K - CO Combined 2 (PDF, 181.06 KB) Appendix K - CO Combined 3 (PDF, 102.67 KB)
	KB) Approval Letter 4 (PDF, 110.26	Appendix K - CO Combined 4 (PDF, 88.39 KB)

Separate CHIP flexibilities

States with separate <u>CHIP programs</u> have the option to submit a disaster relief State Plan Amendment (SPA).







Federal Policy Guidance	Resources for States 🗸	Medicaid 🗸	$^{ ext{CHIP}}{\scriptstyle\smile}$	Basic Health Program		
State Overviews 🗸	About Us 🗸					
me > CHIP > CHIP State Progra	m Information					

CHIP State Program Information

In order to be eligible for payment under this statute, each State must submit a Title XXI plan for approval by the Secretary that details how the State intends to use the funds and fulfill other requirements under the law and regulations at 42 CFR Part 457.

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States can design their CHIP program in one of three ways:

2.11

- 1. Separate CHIP: a program under which a state receives federal funding to provide child health assistance to uninsured, low-income children that meets the requirements of section 2103 of the Social Security Act.
- Medicaid expansion CHIP: a program under which a state receives federal funding to expand Medicaid eligibility to optional targeted low-income children that meets the requirements of section 2103 of the Social Security Act.
- 3. Combination CHIP: a program under which a state receives federal funding to implement both a Medicaid expansion and a separate CHIP.
- 4. States can design their CHIP program in one of three ways:

State and Federal Funding for CHIP

Like Medicaid, CHIP is administered by the states, but is jointly funded by the federal government and states. The Federal matching rate for state CHIP programs is typically about 15 percentage points higher than the Medicaid matching rate for that state (i.e., a State with a 50% Medicaid FMAP has an "enhanced" CHIP matching rate of 65%). Every state administers its own CHIP program with broad guidance from CMS.

State Options for Designing the CHIP Program

- 1. Medicaid expansion
- 2. Separate Child Health Insurance Program
- 3. Combination of the two approaches
- CHIP Program by State has more information about how each state has implemented its program

States apply for changes to their CHIP state plan utilizing the revised <u>CHIP State Plan Template</u>. To see CHIP Information by state, <u>select a state on the map</u> to find details about enrollment and dental providers. Click here for the <u>CHIP Annual Reports</u>.

CHIP State Plan Amendments

CHIPRA creates a broad quality mandate for children's health care and authorizes health care quality initiatives for both the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) and Medicaid programs.

Persons with disabilities having problems accessing the PDF files may call 410-786-0429 for assistance.

				Sort By:
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61				REFINE YOUR SEARCH:
Showing 1 to	o 10 of 605 results		SHARE RESULTS >	Filter by Approval Date
Transmittal Nur	nber: PA-20-0001			08/01/2003
State:	Pennsylvania	Status:	Approved	06/01/2020
Summary:	The state provides tempor health emergency.	rary policy adjustment	ts in response to the COVID-19 public	
Approval Date:	05/18/2020	Effective Date:	03/01/2020	Filter by Effective Date
Topics:	 Disaster Relief 	Links:	Current State Plan (PDF, 431.34	-
			KB)	06/01/2003
SHARE THIS CHI	P STATE PLAN AMENDMENT>			06/01/2020



The CARES Act and health coverage

Became law March 27, 2020

\$2.2 trillion dollar package to help address health and economic impacts of Coronavirus pandemic

Select provisions: FMAP increase & Teleheath



Can Medicaid/CHIP Enrollees Lose Coverage During the Public Health Emergency?

Federal Medical Assistance Percentage (FMAP) increase (Section 3720)

• A state's FMAP is the amount of funding states receive from the federal government to run their Medicaid program

• The CARES Act increased the FMAP for each state by 6.2% from January 1, 2020 through the end of the emergency period



FMAP Increase

To be eligible for the funds, states are required to:

Maintain the eligibility standards and premium schedule they had in place on January 1, 2020 (expanding eligibility is allowed under a <u>Section</u> <u>1135 waiver</u>)

Continue eligibility for current and new enrollees from March 18, 2020 through the end of the month of the emergency period – this means Medicaid enrollees cannot be removed from the program for any reason unless they move outof-state or disenroll themselves



Telehealth – Medicaid

- States already have <u>broad flexibility in covering</u> <u>telehealth through Medicaid</u>.
- States can use Appendix K to allow case management to be offered by telephone or videoconference to home and community-based service waiver recipients



Telehealth – Private Insurance

Section 3701: For plan years beginning on or before Dec. 31, 2021, high-deductible health plans with a health savings account (HSA) are permitted to cover any telehealth services without cost-sharing prior to a patient reaching the deductible, including those related to COVID-19 care and treatment

Individual and group plans will be allowed to make <u>mid-year changes</u> to their products in support of greater access to telehealth services or by reducing or eliminating cost-sharing. This flexibility applies to COVID-19 related services as well as any telehealth service



The CARES Act and Employment

1. Income supports

2. Sick leave and family leave



Income Supports: Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) (Section <u>2102</u>)

In effect January 27th through December 31, 2020

Expands unemployment compensation to those who ordinarily would not be eligible ("gig" workers, self-employed workers, etc.) AND

Are out of work due to a COVID-19 related circumstance

- The worker or the worker's family member is sick with COVID-19
- The worker is caring for a child whose school or day care is closed due to COVID-19 concerns
- The worker's place of employment is closed as a result of COVID-19



Income Supports: Pandemic Unemployment Compensation (Section <u>2104</u>)

A temporary additional federal payment of \$600 per week

Available to all recipients of traditional unemployment insurance or Pandemic Unemployment Compensation from January 27 through July 31, 2020.



Income Supports: Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (Section <u>2107</u>)

The length of time for traditional unemployment benefits varies between states, with an average of 26 weeks

Provides a continuation of state benefits for 13 additional weeks

To be eligible, individuals must have exhausted their state benefits and be actively looking for work

The benefit is the state's regular unemployment compensation amount, plus the additional \$600 under Section 2104



Emergency Paid Sick Leave Act (Section 3602)

Private employers with fewer than 500 employees and public agencies are required to provide paid sick leave to employees who cannot work for the following reasons:

A Federal, state or local quarantine or isolation order related to COVID-19 Advice of a health care provider to selfquarantine related to COVID-19 concerns Experiencing symptoms and seeking confirmation of a diagnosis of COVID-19

Caring for an individual who is under a quarantine order or self-quarantine medical advice Caring for a child whose school or day care has closed, or whose child care provider is unavailable due to COVID-19 related reasons



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Emergency Family and Medical Leave Expansion Act

- Expansion of the existing <u>Family</u> <u>Medical Leave Act</u>, which is unpaid
- Employers with under 500 employees and public agencies must comply
- Provides for additional paid family and medical leave to employees who are unable to work because
 - A child's school or day care has closed; or,
 - A child care provider is unavailable due to COVID-19 related reasons

- An employee can take up to twelve weeks of leave, although the first two weeks are unpaid
- The remaining weeks are paid at two-thirds of the employee's regular pay
- Compensation is calculated using the number of hours an employee would normally have been scheduled for



Disclaimers (the fine print)

CONTENT DISCLAIMER

 The information presented is accurate as of its publication date. Further federal agency guidance, regulations and rules are being issued rapidly and may have an impact on this content. For the most upto-date information on Medicaid/CHIP guidance, state flexibility-related tools and checklists, waiver and amendment approvals and clinical/technical guidance please visit:

https://www.medicaid.gov/resources-forstates/disaster-responsetoolkit/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19/index.html

HRSA FUNDING DISCLAIMER

 This project (U1TMC31757) is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of an award totaling \$500,000, with no financing by nongovernmental sources. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement by, HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.



Questions and Discussion

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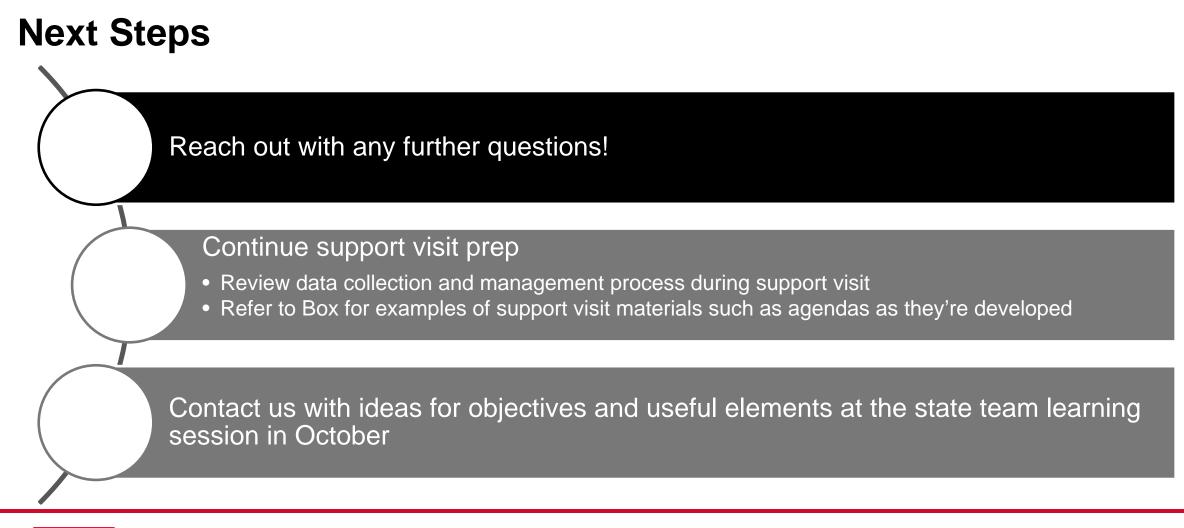
CollN to Advance Care for Children with Medical Complexity



Wrap-Up & Next Steps



Wrap Up & Next Steps





Wrap Up & Next Steps

Evaluation

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/JDL7K82



